

At the Core of Bagdad was a massive inner city of palaces, administrative buildings, and army barracks; known as the Round City (2 mi in ϕ). In center stood the Caliph's Palace. Four highways radiated outward in cardinal directions. Surrounding the Round City were suburbs. These included sections for Jews and Christians and several large compounds for monasteries built by the NESTORIAN Sect of Christianity.

Banished by Justinian the Nestorians brought
to Bagdad stocks of SCIENTIFIC texts, which they
helped to translate into Arabic.

There were a profusion of people - beggars, slaves,
artists, thieves, merchants, and government
officials. The city was filled with palaces, gardens,
fountains, mosques of exquisite beauty;
hospitals, schools, and libraries; Busy markets
shoemakers, flower vendors, tailors, moneychangers,
swordsmiths, perfumeries and others. Shops
full of books and also entertainments

Nov 800

Duncan: Cal

Charlemagne marched on Rome to rescue the Pope. He restored order so swiftly that a grateful Pope Leo III proposed a novel reward: naming Charlemagne emperor of a new "HOLY" Roman Empire

The Franks counted regnal years from the king's accession, but Charlemagne dated from his coronation and this practice was usually observed by the French Kings.

© 800 AD

In Peru 27% of people lived past
40

50% of all children died before
age of 10.

Except coastal people who
lived mainly on seafood
only 35% died before age 10

800 AD

Duncan; Cal

Over half the children in Europe & England died before age 5

Life expectancy was 35 years

Famines were frequent - often deadly

800

1912 Dates J-BK

so strongly organized had
the Church become in the
West that Charlemagne
in 800 assumed the Crown
of the Holy Roman Empire, as
a vassal of the Bishop of Rome.

C 800

1912 Dates J-BK

"Medicine" and "ASTROLOGY"
remains of 200 works on science and
philosophy, by AL-KINDI
or ALCHINDIUS (about 800)

800 1912 Dates J-BK
(742-814) CHARLEMAGNE (Charles the Great)

King of the Franks after 768 and emperor of Rome from 800 to 814. He was son of Pipin the Short. He took the eastern & Germanic parts of his father's empire, (In 768) and his brother KARLMAN took the Western part. Karloman died in 771 and Charlemagne took the whole empire. He thus shut out the youngest brother. Their mother fled to DESIDERIUS, king of the Lombards. This brought on war and after 10 months' siege of Pavia Desiderius was compelled to retire to a monastery. In 777 Charlemagne proclaimed himself king of the Lombards; confirmed

the donation of lands by Pepin to the Pope. He had crossed the ALPS twice into Italy to reach his enemies. He invaded Spain in 778 and while returning to put down a rebellion of the Saracens his rear guard was attacked and almost annihilated in the Pass of RONCESVALLES, where Roland, the hero, fell. He completed the conquest of Spain and in 800 was crowned Emperor of the West by the Pope at Rome. In 787 he completed the conquest of Lombardy. In 804 he conquered the SAXONS with whom he had waged a long war. His attainments in the promotion of Art, literature, religion, and civilization mark him as one of the most illustrious men of the Middle Ages and of all time. He was buried at AIX-LEA-CITE PELLE and was succeeded by his son, Louis the PIUS.

900

Half of the children died before
Age 5
Life expectancy was 35 yrs

800 A.D

The alphabet called runes
was used in Norway about 800 A.D.
Within this century scholars have
discovered how to read this ancient
alphabet

c 800

1912 Dates J-BK

Mohammedan invasion of
India.